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ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

apparatus and method for detection of direct sequence spread spectrum signals in 802.11b/g systems. First, a sample sequence is taken from a preamble of a newly 5 arrived network packet. The next step is to calculate a sequence of correlation measures between the sample sequence a pseudo-noise code sequence of length L. An accumulation sequence is then calculated in which each is obtained by summing Naccumulation value thereof correlation measures that are selected at an interval of Lfrom the sequence of correlation measures. Also, statistic of the sample sequence is evaluated over a Based on a comparison multiple of L number of samples. between the statistic of the sample sequence the maximum of the 15 predetermined threshold scaled by accumulation sequence, the presence of direct sequence spread spectrum signals can be determined accordingly.